



EXAMWEAPONS Q&A Demo

Exam 70-649

Upgrading MCSE on Wndws Serv 2003 to Wndws
Serv 2008

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1. You install the Windows Deployment Services (WDS) role on a server that runs Windows Server 2008.

When you attempt to upload spanned image files to the WDS server, you receive an error message.

You need to ensure that the image files can be uploaded.

What should you do?

- A. Grant the Authenticated Users group Full Control on the \REMINST directory.
- B. Run the wdsutil /Convert command at the command prompt on the WDS server.
- C. Run the wdsutil /Export command at the command prompt to export *.swm files to one destination *.wim on the WDS server.
- D. Run the wdsutil /add-image /imagefile:\\server\share\sources\install.wim /image type:install command for each component file individually at the command prompt on the WDS server.

Answer: C

2. You install the Windows Deployment Services (WDS) role on a server that runs Windows Server 2008.

You plan to install Windows Vista on a computer that does not support Preboot Execution Environment (PXE). You have a Windows Vista image that is stored on the WDS server.

You need to start the computer and install the image that is stored on the WDS server.

What should you create?

- A. a capture image
- B. a CD-ROM that contains PXE drivers
- C. a discover image
- D. an install image

Answer: C

3. Your company has a server named VS1 that runs Windows Server 2008 and Microsoft Hyper-V. The VS1 server hosts 10 virtual servers.

A virtual server named VS-DB has one 64-GB fixed-size virtual hard disk (VHD). The VHD file name is disk1.vhd.

You discover that VS-DB utilizes only 5 GB of the VHD.

You turn off the VS-DB virtual server and want to regain the unused disk space on the VS1 physical server.

You need to configure VS-DB to make the disk1.vhd file as small as possible.

What should you do? (To answer, move the appropriate tasks from the list of tasks to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

Tasks

Answer

Area

- A. Compact the disk2.vhd file.
- B. Delete the disk1.vhd file. Rename disk2.vhd to disk1.vhd.
- C. Convert the disk2.vhd file to a new fixed-size VHD file named disk1.vhd.
- D. Convert the disk1.vhd file to a new dynamically expanding VHD file named disk2.vhd.
- E. Create a new differencing VHD file named disk2.vhd that has disk1.vhd as a parent disk.

Answer: D BEFORE A AND A BEFORE B AND ONLY D, A, B

4. Your company has a server that runs Windows Server 2008 and Microsoft Hyper-V.

You have two virtual machines that run Microsoft Windows 2003 Server.

You need to configure the virtual machines so that you can revert to a previous state.

What should you do?

- A. Back up all the volumes on each Windows 2003 server.
- B. Back up the system state on each Windows 2003 server.
- C. Copy the .vmc files for each of the virtual machines to a backup folder.
- D. Take a snapshot of the virtual machines by using the Virtual Services Manager console.

Answer: D

5. You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Windows Server virtualization role service installed.

You create a new virtual machine and perform an installation of Windows Server 2008 on the virtual machine. You configure the virtual machine to use the physical network card of the host server.

You notice that you are unable to access network resources from the virtual machine.

You need to ensure that the virtual host can connect to the physical network.

What should you do?

- A. On the host server, install the MS Loopback adapter.
- B. On the host server, enable the Multipath I/O feature.
- C. On the virtual machine, install the MS Loopback adapter.
- D. On the virtual machine, install Windows Server virtualization Guest Integration Components.

Answer: D

6. You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Windows Server virtualization role service installed and has one virtual machine. The virtual machine runs Windows Server 2008.

You plan to install a new application on the virtual machine.

You need to ensure that you can restore the virtual machine to its original state in the event the application installation fails.

What should you do?

- A. Log on to the virtual host and enable the Remote Differential Compression Features.

- B. Log on to the virtual host and enable the Windows Recovery Disk feature.
- C. From Virtualization Management Console, create a snapshot.
- D. From Virtualization Management Console, save the state of the virtual machine.

Answer: C

7. Your company has an Active Directory domain. The company has a server named Server1 that has the Terminal Services role and the Terminal Services Web Access role installed. The company has a server named Server2 that runs ISA Server 2006.

The company deploys the Terminal Services Gateway (TS Gateway) role on a new server named Server3. The company wants to use ISA as the SSL endpoint for Terminal Server connections.

You need to configure the TS Gateway role on Server3 to use ISA 2006 on Server2.

What should you do?

- A. Configure the TS Gateway to use SSL HTTPS-HTTP bridging.
- B. Configure the Terminal Services Connection Authorization Policy Store on Server3 to use Server2 as the Central Network Policy Server.
- C. Export the SSL certificate from Server2 and install the SSL certificate on Server3. Configure the TS Gateway to use the SSL certificate from Server2.
- D. Export a self-signed SSL certificate from Server3 and install the SSL certificate on Server2. Configure the ISA service on Server2 to use the SSL certificate from Server3.

Answer: A

8. You manage a member server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Terminal Services role installed. Microsoft Windows System Resource Manager (WSRM) is installed on the server.

Users report performance degradation on the Terminal Server. You monitor the server and notice that one user is consuming 100 percent of the processor time.

You create a resource-allocation policy named Policy1 that limits each user to 30 percent of the total processor time. You observe no performance improvement.

You need to configure WSRM to enforce Policy1.

What should you do?

- A. Set Policy1 as the Profiling Policy.
- B. Set Policy1 as the Managing Policy.
- C. Restart the Terminal Services Configuration service.
- D. Launch the WSRM application by using the user context of the Terminal Server System account.

Answer: B

9. You install the Web Server (IIS) role on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. You configure a Web site named contoso.com and a Web application named Acctg on the Web server.

The Web server runs out of disk space. You move Acctg to another drive on the Web server.

The following table shows the current application configuration.

Application	Web location	Original location	New location
Acctg	contoso/Acctg	d:\Acctg	f:\Acctg

Users report that they cannot access Acctg.

You need to enable users to access Acctg.

Which command should you run on the server?

- A. `appcmd add app /site.name: contoso /path:/Acctg /physicalPath:d:\Acctg`
- B. `appcmd add app /site.name: contoso /path:/Acctg /physicalPath:f:\Acctg`
- C. `appcmd set app /site.name: contoso /path:/Acctg /physicalPath:d:\Acctg`
- D. `appcmd set app /site.name: contoso /path:/Acctg /physicalPath:f:\Acctg`

Answer: D

10. Your company has a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server runs an instance of Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services (AD?LDS).

You need to replicate the AD?LDS instance on a test computer that is located on the network.

What should you do?

- A. Run the `repadmin /kcc <servername>` command on the test computer.
- B. Create a naming context by running the `Dsmgmt` command on the test computer.
- C. Create a new directory partition by running the `Dsmgmt` command on the test computer.
- D. Create and install a replica by running the AD LDS Setup wizard on the test computer.

Answer: D

11 Your company has users who connect remotely to the main office through a Windows Server 2008 VPN server.

You need to ensure that users cannot access the VPN server remotely from 22:00 to 05:00.

What should you do?

- A. Create a network policy for VPN connections. Modify the Day and time restrictions.
- B. Create a network policy for VPN connections. Apply an IP filter to deny access to the corporate network.
- C. Modify the Logon hours for all user objects to specify only the VPN server on the Computer restrictions option.
- D. Modify the Logon Hours for the default domain policy to enable the Force logoff when logon

hours expire option.

Answer: A

12. Your company has a single Active Directory domain and an enterprise root certificate authority. The company plans to use Network Access Protection (NAP) to protect the VPN connections. You build two servers named NPS1 and VPN1. You configure the following functions on the two servers as shown in the following table.

Server Name	Server Function
NPS1	Network Policy Server (NPS), Remediation Server, System Health Validation Server
VPN1	VPN Server, RADIUS Server

You need to ensure that the system health policy is applied to all client computers that attempt VPN connections.

What should you do?

- A. Reconfigure NPS1 as a RADIUS client.
- B. Reconfigure VPN1 as a RADIUS client.
- C. Add the NAP role to a domain controller.
- D. Add the NAP role to an Enterprise Certificate server.

Answer: B

14. Your company has a server named DC1 that runs Windows Server 2008. DC1 has the DHCP Server role installed.

You find that a desktop computer named SALES4 is unable to obtain an IP configuration from the DHCP server.

You install the Microsoft Network Monitor 3.0 application on DC1. You enable P-mode in the Network Monitor application configuration. You plan to capture only the DHCP server-related traffic between DC1 and SALES4.

The network interface configuration for the two computers is shown in the following table.

	DC1	SALES4
IP address	192.168.2.1	169.254.15.84
MAC address	00-0A-5E-1C-7F-67	00-17-31-D5-5E-FF

You need to build a filter in the Network Monitor application to capture the DHCP traffic between DC1 and SALES4.

Which filter should you use?

- A. IPv4.Address == 169.254.15.84 && DHCP
- B. IPv4.Address == 192.168.2.1 && DHCP

C. Ethernet.Address == 0x000A5E1C7F67 && DHCP

D. Ethernet.Address == 0x001731D55EFF && DHCP

Answer: D

15. You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The Web Server (IIS) role is installed.

You plan to host multiple Web sites on the server. You configure a single IP address for the server.

All Web sites are registered in DNS to point to the single IP address.

You need to ensure that each Web site only responds to requests by name from all client computers.

What should you do?

A. Configure a unique port for each Web site.

B. Configure a unique IP address for each Web site.

C. Configure a unique Host Header for each Web site.

D. Edit the Hosts file on the server to add all the Web site names associated to the network address.

Answer: C

16. Your company's corporate network uses Network Access Protection (NAP).

Users are able to connect to the corporate network remotely.

You need to ensure that data transmissions between remote client computers and the corporate network are as secure as possible.

What should you do?

A. Apply an IPsec NAP policy.

B. Configure a NAP policy for 802.1x wireless connections.

C. Configure VPN connections to use MS-CHAP v2 authentication.

D. Restrict Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) clients by using NAP.

Answer: A

17. Your company has deployed Network Access Protection (NAP) enforcement for VPNs.

You need to ensure that the health of all clients can be monitored and reported.

What should you do?

A. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) that enables Security Center and link the policy to the domain.

B. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) that enables Security Center and link the policy to the Domain Controllers organizational unit (OU).

C. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) and set the Require trusted path for credential entry option to Enabled. Link the policy to the domain.

D. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) and set the Require trusted path for credential entry option to Enabled. Link the policy to the Domain Controllers organizational unit (OU).

Answer: A

18. Your company has deployed Network Access Protection (NAP).

You configure secure wireless access to the network by using 802.1x authentication from any access point.

You need to ensure that all client computers that access the network are evaluated by NAP.

What should you do?

- A. Configure all access points as RADIUS clients to the Remediation Servers.
- B. Configure all access points as RADIUS clients to the Network Policy Server (NPS).
- C. Create a Network Policy that defines Remote Access Server as a network connection method.
- D. Create a Network Policy that specifies EAP-TLS as the only available authentication method.

Answer: B

19. You install the Web Server (IIS) on a server that runs Windows Server 2008.

You install a Microsoft .NET Framework application on a Web site that is hosted on the server in a folder named \wwwroot.

The .NET Framework application must write to a log file that resides in the \Program Files\WebApp folder.

You need to configure the .NET Framework trust level setting for the Web site so that the application can write to the log file.

What should you do?

- A. Set the .NET Framework trust level to Full for the Web site.
- B. Set the .NET Framework trust level to High for the Web site.
- C. Set the .NET Framework trust level to Minimal for the Web site.
- D. Set the .NET Framework trust level to Medium for the Web site.

Answer: C

20. Your company has a main office and 15 branch offices. The company has a single Active Directory domain. All servers run Windows Server 2008.

You need to ensure that the VPN connections between the main office and the branch offices meet the following requirements:

All data must be encrypted by using end-to-end encryption.

The VPN connection must use computer-level authentication.

User names and passwords cannot be used for authentication.

What should you do?

- A. Configure an IPsec connection to use tunnel mode and preshared key authentication.
- B. Configure a PPTP connection to use version 2 of the MS-CHAP v2 authentication.

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C. Configure a L2TP/IPsec connection to use the EAP-TLS authentication.

D. Configure a L2TP/IPsec connection to use version 2 of the MS-CHAP v2 authentication.

Answer: C